## 12.5.2013 | Class 26 Week 14

- Text reconstruction: Robert Alter on parallel clauses in the KJV
   Conferences on Practice Exit Exam

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NAME:	Robert Alte Bible's pros	r on
DATE:		
Text rec	onstruction	
	TONS: Number the sentences in the order you believe they appear in the original, a paragraph ber on the subject of parallel clauses in the King James Version. Then transcribe the paragraph on low.	
4	The translators convened by King James strove for a literal representation of the Hebrew text and generally reproduced its sequence of parallel clauses linked by "and."	
9	He assembled all of his family, "[a]nd he took them, and sent them over the brook, and sent over all he had. And Jacob was left alone, and there he wrestled a man with him until the breaking of the day."	
	But the KJV opened certain new possibilities for English prose that are still very relevant.	
2	The KJV turns 400 this year, and we have long since abandoned "thou" and "thee."	
	Here is how the KJV renders the beginning of Jacob's nocturnal encounter with the angel.	
6	The KJV's method of organizing language has proved to be a subtle literary instrument, compelling readers to work out the precise connections between successive statements without the aid of subordinate conjunctions and qualifying syntax.	
1	At first blush, the idea that a writer in the 21st century might learn something about English style from the King James Version of the Bible would seem like a nonstarter. [snip]	-
	This is not a natural way to write English prose, which provides many devices ("after," "if," "whose," etc.) for creating subordinate clauses.	
	Ernest Hemingway, Saul Bellow and other American writers clearly grasped the advantages of this approach.	
	Adapted from: The Good Book's Great Prose Lessons by Robert Alter – <i>Wall Street Journal</i> – March 5, 2011 http://online.wsj.com/article/SB10001424052748704444604576172883432392302.html	

## **ANSWER**

## Text reconstruction

INSTRUCTIONS: INSTRUCTIONS: Number the sentences in the order you believe they appear in the original, a paragraph by Robert Alter on the subject of parallel clauses in the King James Version. Then transcribe the paragraph on the lines below.

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1	At first blush, the idea that a writer in the 21st century might learn something about English style from the King James Version of the Bible would seem like a nonstarter. [snip]
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The translators convened by King James strove for a literal representation of the Hebrew text and generally reproduced its sequence of parallel clauses linked by "and." This is not a natural way to write English prose, which provides many devices ("after," "if," "whose," etc.) for creating subordinate clauses.

The KJV's method of organizing language has proved to be a subtle literary instrument, compelling readers to work out the precise connections between successive statements without the aid of subordinate conjunctions and qualifying syntax. Ernest Hemingway, Saul Bellow and other American writers clearly grasped the advantages of this approach.

Here is how the KJV renders the beginning of Jacob's nocturnal encounter with the angel. He assembled all of his family, "[a]nd he took them, and sent them over the brook, and sent over all he had. And Jacob was left alone, and there he wrestled a man with him until the breaking of the day."

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The Good Book's Great Prose Lessons by Robert Alter – *Wall Street Journal* – March 5, 2011 http://online.wsj.com/article/SB10001424052748704444604576172883432392302.html